Detroit, Michigan, is located on the Detroit River, a strait that separates the U.S. from Canada. The area was founded in 1701 when the French trader Antoine de la Mothe Cadillac built Fort Pontchartrain du Detroit (the French word for "strait") to honor his patron. In the treaty that followed the French and Indian War, during which Detroit was a major French stronghold, the British acquired the fort and shortened its name to Detroit. Detroit later became the final U.S. stop on the Underground Railroad, and in 1906, Henry Ford built his first car in the city.

The Detroit Historical Museum features exhibits about the Underground Railroad, an auto assembly line, a fur trading post from the 1700s, and a streetscape from the 1900s. Its outside plaza honors local sports, entertainment, and media stars. Collections at the Charles H. Wright Museum of African American History include the BlancheCoggin Underground Railroad Collection and Detroit Public Museum Collection. Diego Rivera’s Detroit Industry 27-panel mural and Vincent van Gogh’s Self Portrait are displayed at the Detroit Institute of Arts. Michigan Science Center offers live stage shows, an IMAX Dome Theatre, a planetarium, hands-on exhibits, and lab activities. Motown Historical Museum features the studio where Motown’s greatest stars recorded their hits. Built in 1904, the Ford Piquette Avenue Plant exhibits over 40 early Ford- and Detroit-built automobiles. The Museum of Contemporary Art Detroit (MOCAD) offers visual, literary, music, and performing arts. Tuskegee Airmen National Museum records the contributions of African Americans to the defense of the country and displays a World War II F-6 training plane. The Dossin Great Lakes Museum showcases the story of the Great Lakes and emphasizes Detroit’s role in regional and national maritime history.

Other attractions include Historic Fort Wayne, the Heidelberg Project, Pewabic, Dabls MBAD African Bead Museum, and Scarab Club.

The Detroit Symphony Orchestra, Michigan Opera Theatre, and Broadway in Detroit are among the many opportunities for performing arts. The following venues host various performances that include concerts, plays, and shows: The Fisher Theatre, and Marjorie S. Fisher Music Center, Detroit Opera House, Fisher Theatre, City Theatre, PuppetART Theatre, Music Hall, The Fillmore, The Majestic, and Fox Theatre. Joe Louis Arena hosts professional sports, college hockey, ice hockey, and wrestling games. Outdoor concert venues include Comerica Park and Chene Park Amphitheatre.

Wayne State University’s theater department offers undergraduate and graduate productions in the Rosedale Park, Hilberry Theatre, and Studio Theatre. Movement Electronic Music Festival is an annual electronic dance music event held during Memorial Day weekend. The Detroit Jazz Festival is held during Labor Day weekend.

**Neighborhoods**

The downtown Detroit Riverfront features many high-rise condominium complexes that range from restored 1920s-era luxury buildings to new communities like Harbortown, which is a mixed-use neighborhood of townhomes, condominiums, and apartments. Warehouses in the area have been converted to lofts and townhomes. Detroit’s West Side Industrial neighborhood is dominated by high rises and condominium developments along the Riverfront. Stroh River Place is a 25-acre mixed-use development of apartments, condominiums, and townhouses in historically restored buildings.

Tudor Revival is the prevailing architectural style of the 300 houses located in Palmer Woods, one of Detroit’s historic neighborhoods. Large red brick, stone, stucco, and slate homes are set back from the narrow winding streets and tree-lined sidewalks. Many architectural styles contributed to the designs of the 352 large primarily brick or stucco two-story Indian Village homes. Both neighborhoods were designed by leading Detroit architects at the turn of the 20th century. Most of the large 440 single-family homes in Sherwood Forest were built during the 1920s and 1930s in various architectural styles on winding streets with British names. North Rosedale Park offers a mix of single-family brick and stone homes in styles that include bungalow, Cape Cod, and Tudor Revival that were primarily built from the 1920s through the 1940s. The 78-acre Lafayette Park development was designed in the Mid-Century Modern style of architecture by Mies van der Rohe and his colleagues in the late 1950s through the 1960s. The development includes three high-rise apartment buildings, 162 townhouses, 24 courthouses, and a landscaped, 19-acre park.

**Parks and Recreation**

Detroit has 308 city parks and 12 recreation facilities. Park amenities include basketball and volleyball courts, soccer and football fields, ice skating rinks, swing and climbing sets, sledding hills, indoor pools, an outdoor pool and splash pad, 21 baseball fields, 51 softball fields, 4 golf courses, and 2 marinas. Many parks comprise the 3-mile Detroit International RiverWalk. At its eastern end, the Gabriel Richard Park features landscaping, a fountain, butterfly gardens, a labyrinth, fishing outlooks, and a birding station. The Horace E. Dodge and Son Memorial Fountain is located at the center of the 14-acre Hart Plaza, which is a venue for summer festivals, concerts, and special events. The 31-acre William G. Milliken State Park and Harbor has a wetlands demonstration area, 63-foot light-house, fishing platforms, a memorial to Peter Stroh, and a bike path. The park’s Outdoor Adventure Center at the Globe Building offers outdoor adventures with hands-on activities, exhibits and simulators. Mt. Elliott Park & Pavilion features a Great Lakes schooner-themed water feature. Rivard Plaza is home to the Cullen Family Carousel, an in-laid granite map of the Detroit River, a standing glass sculptured map of the St. Lawrence Seaway, a playascape, and a fountain.

The 1,300-acre Rouge Park offers many amenities that include an 18-hole golf course and driving range, 14 regulation diamonds, 12 playgrounds, 11 tennis courts, 3 outdoor swimming pools, 8 miles of bicycle trail, and the Alex Jefferson Model Airplane Field. This park is also home to the Buffalo Soldiers Heritage Center and the 7-acre organic D-Town Farm.

Many attractions are available at the 982-acre Belle Isle Park: The Belle Isle Aquarium; Anna Scripps Whitcomb Conservatory; Dossin Great Lakes Museum, the James Scott Memorial; a golf course; fields for softball, baseball, football, soccer, rugby, track, and handball/ racquetball; a giant slide; beach; fountain; and William Livingston Memorial Lighthouse.

The Detroit Zoo is home to more than 2,000 animals from 254 different species. Detroit Red Wings (hockey), Detroit Tigers (baseball), Detroit Lions (football), and Detroit Piston (basketball) are the city’s professional sports teams.

**Education**

Detroit Public Schools educate more than 45,000 students in 25 elementary schools, 46 middle schools, and 25 high schools. Detroit offers community schools and Innovation Schools that offer expanded programs, such as STEAM, performing arts, and dual language immersion.

Undergraduate and graduate degree programs are offered at four Detroit institutions of higher education. Wayne State University is a public research university that has a School of Medicine, Eugene Applebaum College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences, and College of Nursing. The University of Detroit Mercy is a Catholic university with a School of Dentistry, College of Health Professions, and McAuley School of Nursing. Marygrove College is an independent, Catholic, liberal arts college. The College for Creative Studies is a nonprofit, private college that focuses on various fine arts.

Sacred Heart Major Seminary is a Catholic institution that primarily prepares candidates for the Roman Catholic priesthood. Ecumenical Theological Seminary is an ecumenical seminary.

Wayne County Community College District emphasizes occupational and career programs and traditional college and university transfer programs.

**Health Care**

Detroit is served by the following health care facilities:

- Children’s Hospital of Michigan: 228 licensed beds
- Henry Ford Hospital: 877 licensed beds
- Harper University Hospital: 470 licensed beds
- Hutzel Women’s Hospital: 114 licensed beds
- Vibra Hospital of Southeastern Michigan: 256 licensed beds
- Detroit Medical Center Rehabilitation Institute of Michigan: 97 licensed beds
- Sinai–Grace Hospital: 383 licensed beds
- Detroit Receiving Hospital: 248 licensed beds
- Karmanos Cancer Center: 123 licensed beds
- Select Specialty Hospital–Northwest Detroit: 36 licensed beds

**City Stats**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>City Population</th>
<th>Metropolitan Statistical Area Population</th>
<th>Per Capita Personal Income</th>
<th>GDP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>677,116</td>
<td>4,302,043</td>
<td>$46,894</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Photograph courtesy of Vito Palmisano.